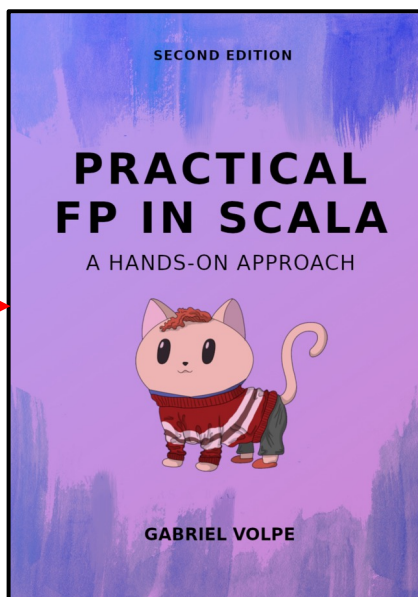


a sighting of  
**traverseFilter**  
 and **foldMap** in



by



 **Gabriel Volpe**  
 @volpegabriel87

slides by



 @philip\_schwarz



<http://fpilluminated.com/>

```

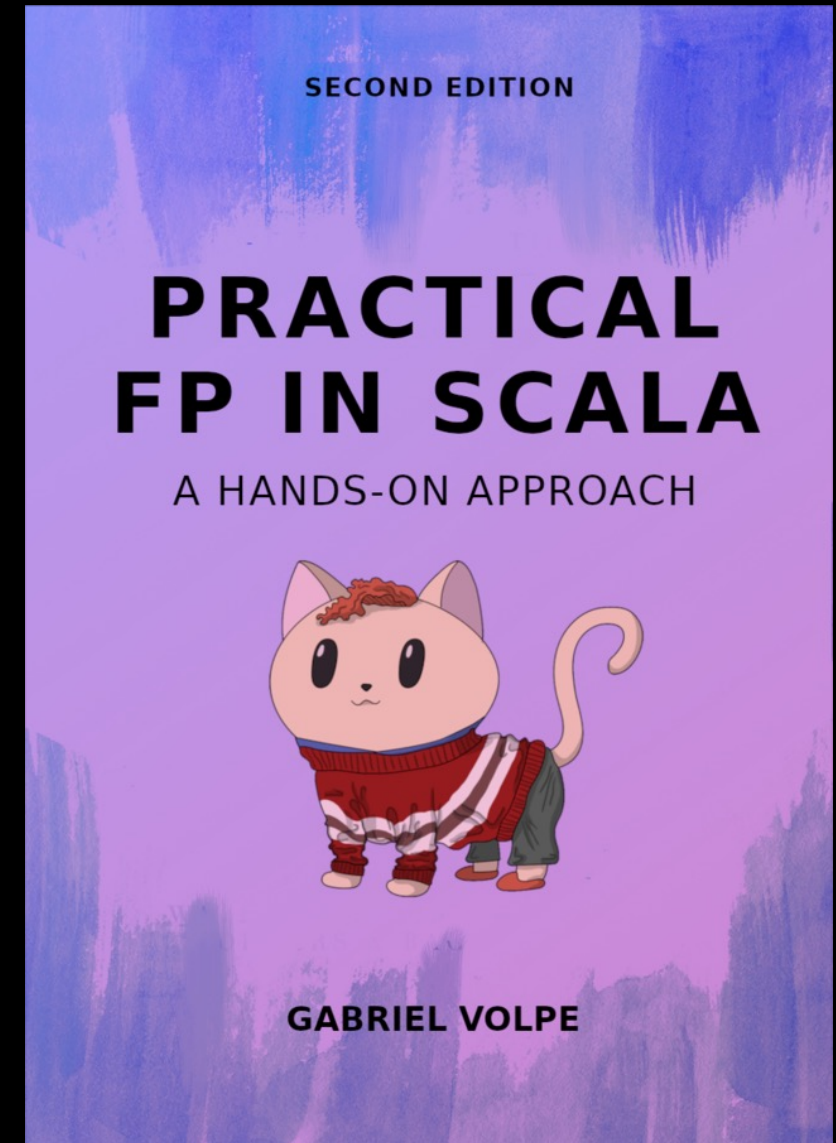
trait ShoppingCart[F[_]] {
  def add(userId: UserId, itemId: ItemId, quantity: Quantity): F[Unit]
  def get(userId: UserId): F[CartTotal]
  def delete(userId: UserId): F[Unit]
  def removeItem(userId: UserId, itemId: ItemId): F[Unit]
  def update(userId: UserId, cart: Cart): F[Unit]
}

object ShoppingCart {
  def make[F[_]: GenUUID: MonadThrow](
    items: Items[F],
    redis: RedisCommands[F, String, String],
    exp: ShoppingCartExpiration
  ): ShoppingCart[F] = new ShoppingCart[F] {

    override def add(userId: UserId, itemId: ItemId, quantity: Quantity): F[Unit] =
      redis.hSet(userId.show, itemId.show, quantity.show) *>
        redis.expire(userId.show, exp.value).void

    override def get(userId: UserId): F[CartTotal] =
      redis.hGetAll(userId.show).flatMap { itemIdToQuantityMap: Map[String, String] =>
        itemIdToQuantityMap.toList
          .traverseFilter { case (id, qty) =>
            for {
              itemId <- ID.read[F, ItemId](id)
              quantity <- MonadThrow[F].catchNonFatal(Quantity(qty.toInt))
              maybeCartItem <- items.findById(itemId).map(_._map(_._cart(quantity)))
            } yield maybeCartItem
          }
        .map { items =>
          CartTotal(items, items.foldMap(_._subTotal))
        }
      }
  }
}

```



with some minor renaming, to ease comprehension for anyone lacking context – see repo for original



gvolpe / pfps-shopping-cart

[pfps-shopping-cart](#) / [modules](#) / [core](#) / [src](#) / [main](#) / [scala](#) / [shop](#) / [services](#) / [ShoppingCart.scala](#)

```

List[(String, String)] def get(userId: UserId): F[CartTotal] =
  items.getById(userId.show).flatMap { itemIdToQuantityMap: Map[String, String] =>
    itemIdToQuantityMap.toList
      .traverseFilter { case (id, qty) =>
        for {
          itemId <- ID.read[F, ItemId](id)
          quantity <- MonadThrow[F].catchNonFatal(Quantity(qty.toInt))
          maybeCartItem <- items.findById(itemId).map(_.map(_.cart(quantity)))
        } yield maybeCartItem } Option[cart.CartItem]
      }
    .map { items =>
      CartTotal(items, items.foldMap(_.subTotal))
    }
  }

```

 ^⬆️ Type Info

```

F[List[cart.CartItem]] def get(userId: UserId): F[CartTotal] =
  items.getById(userId.show).flatMap { itemIdToQuantityMap: Map[String, String] =>
    itemIdToQuantityMap.toList
      .traverseFilter { case (id, qty) =>
        for {
          itemId <- ID.read[F, ItemId](id)
          quantity <- MonadThrow[F].catchNonFatal(Quantity(qty.toInt))
          maybeCartItem <- items.findById(itemId).map(_.map(_.cart(quantity)))
        } yield maybeCartItem
      }
    .map { items =>
      CartTotal(items, items.foldMap(_.subTotal))
    }
  }

```

 ^⬆️ Type Info

SECOND EDITION

# PRACTICAL FP IN SCALA

A HANDS-ON APPROACH



GABRIEL VOLPE

```
List[(String, String)] def getUser(userId: UserId): F[CartTotal] =
  redis.getAll(userId.show).flatMap { itemIdToQuantityMap: Map[String, String] =>
    itemIdToQuantityMap.toList
      .traverseFilter { case (id, qty) =>
        for {
          itemId <- ID.read[F, ItemId](id)
          quantity <- MonadThrow[F].catchNonFatal(Quantity(qty.toInt))
          maybeCartItem <- items.findById(itemId).map(_.map(_.cart(quantity)))
        } yield maybeCartItem Option[cart.CartItem]
      }
    .map { items: List[cart.CartItem] =>
      CartTotal(items, items.foldMap(_.subTotal))
    }
  }
```



```
F[List[cart.CartItem]] def getUser(userId: UserId): F[CartTotal] =
  redis.getAll(userId.show).flatMap { itemIdToQuantityMap: Map[String, String] =>
    itemIdToQuantityMap.toList
      .traverseFilter { case (id, qty) =>
        for {
          itemId <- ID.read[F, ItemId](id)
          quantity <- MonadThrow[F].catchNonFatal(Quantity(qty.toInt))
          maybeCartItem <- items.findById(itemId).map(_.map(_.cart(quantity)))
        } yield maybeCartItem
      }
    .map { items: List[cart.CartItem] =>
      CartTotal(items, items.foldMap(_.subTotal))
    }
  }
```



```
def make[F[_]: GenUUID: MonadThrow]
```

```
List[(String, String)] => ((String, String) => F[Option[CartItem]]) => F[List[CartItem]]
```

```
@typeclass trait TraverseFilter[F[_]] extends FunctorFilter[F] {
```

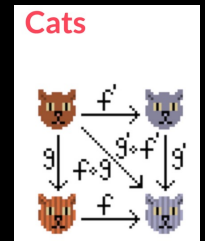
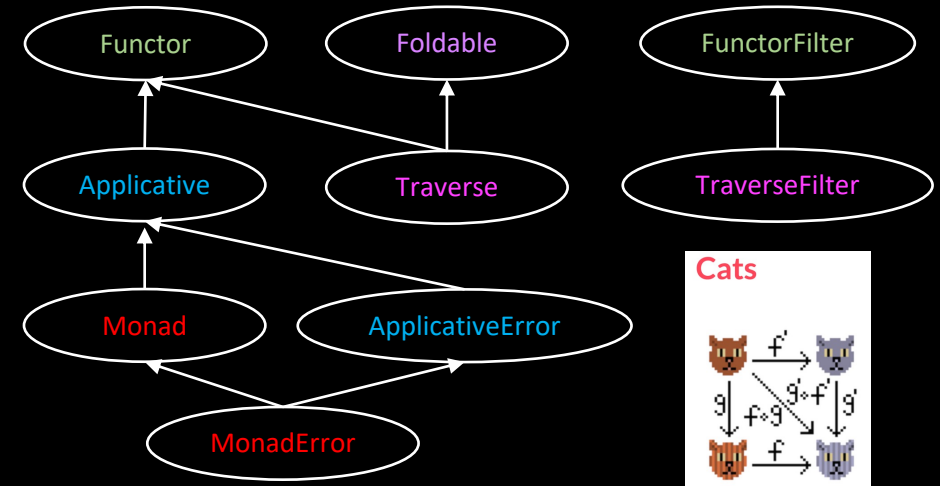
A combined traverse and filter. Filtering is handled via Option instead of Boolean such that the output type B can be different than the input type A.

```
def traverseFilter[G[_], A, B](fa: F[A])(f: A => G[Option[B]])(implicit G: Applicative[G]): G[F[B]]
```

An applicative that also allows you to raise and or handle an error value. This type class allows one to abstract over error-handling applicatives. `trait ApplicativeError[F[_], E] extends Applicative[F] { ...`

This type class allows one to abstract over error-handling monads. `trait MonadError[F[_], E] extends ApplicativeError[F, E] with Monad[F] { ...`

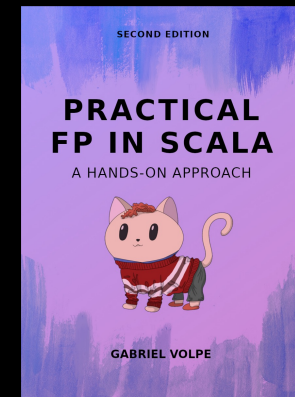
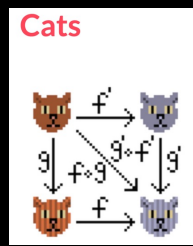
```
type MonadThrow[F[_]] = MonadError[F, Throwable]
```



FunctorFilter[F] allows you to map and filter out elements simultaneously. `@typeclass trait FunctorFilter[F[_]] extends Serializable`

TraverseFilter, also known as Witherable, represents list-like structures that can essentially have a traverse and a filter applied as a single combined operation (`traverseFilter`).

```
@typeclass trait TraverseFilter[F[_]] extends FunctorFilter[F] {
```



```

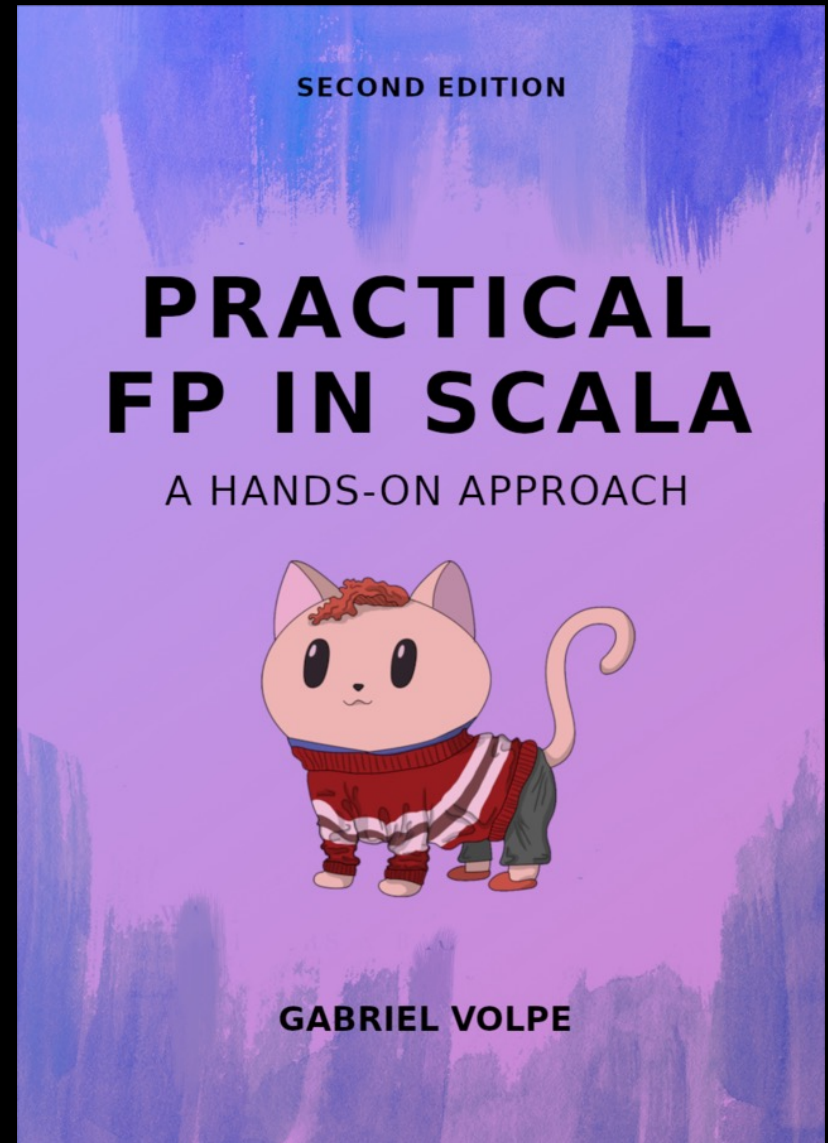
trait ShoppingCart[F[_]] {
  def add(userId: UserId, itemId: ItemId, quantity: Quantity): F[Unit]
  def get(userId: UserId): F[CartTotal]
  def delete(userId: UserId): F[Unit]
  def removeItem(userId: UserId, itemId: ItemId): F[Unit]
  def update(userId: UserId, cart: Cart): F[Unit]
}

object ShoppingCart {
  def make[F[_]: GenUUID: MonadThrow](
    items: Items[F],
    redis: RedisCommands[F, String, String],
    exp: ShoppingCartExpiration
  ): ShoppingCart[F] = new ShoppingCart[F] {

    override def add(userId: UserId, itemId: ItemId, quantity: Quantity): F[Unit] =
      redis.hSet(userId.show, itemId.show, quantity.show) *>
        redis.expire(userId.show, exp.value).void

    override def get(userId: UserId): F[CartTotal] =
      redis.hGetAll(userId.show).flatMap { itemIdToQuantityMap: Map[String, String] =>
        itemIdToQuantityMap.toList
          .traverseFilter { case (id, qty) =>
            for {
              itemId <- ID.read[F, ItemId](id)
              quantity <- MonadThrow[F].catchNonFatal(Quantity(qty.toInt))
              maybeCartItem <- items.findById(itemId).map(_.map(_.cart(quantity)))
            } yield maybeCartItem
          }
          .map { items: List[cart.CartItem] =>
            CartTotal(items, items.foldMap(_.subTotal))
          }
      }
  }
}

```



```

override def get(userId: UserId): F[CartTotal] =
  redis.hGetAll(userId.show).flatMap { itemIdToQuantityMap: Map[String, String] =>
    itemIdToQuantityMap.toList
      .traverseFilter { case (id, qty) =>
        for {
          itemId <- ID.read[F, ItemId](id)
          quantity <- MonadThrow[F].catchNonFatal(Quantity(qty.toInt))
          maybeCartItem <- items.findById(itemId).map(_._map(_.cart(quantity)))
        } yield maybeCartItem
      }
    .map { items =>
      CartTotal(items, items.foldMap(_._subTotal))
    }
  }

```

^↑P Type Info

⌘P Parameter Info

↑⌘P Show implicit arguments



```

final class Money private
  (val amount: BigDecimal)
  (val currency: Currency)
  extends Quantity[Money] {

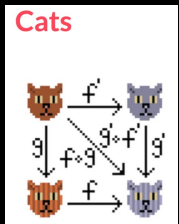
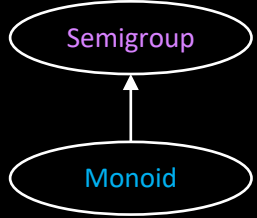
```

Implicit arguments:

- moneyMonoid: cats.Monoid[Money] (trait OrphanInstances)

(cart.CartItem => B) => cats.Monoid[B] => B

[B](f: cart.CartItem => B)(implicit B: cats.Monoid[B])



```

override def get(userId: UserId): F[CartTotal] =
  redis.hGetAll(userId.show).flatMap { itemIdToQuantityMap: Map[String, String] =>
    itemIdToQuantityMap.toList
      .traverseFilter { case (id, qty) =>
        for {
          itemId <- ID.read[F, ItemId](id)
          quantity <- MonadThrow[F].catchNonFatal(Quantity(qty.toInt))
          maybeCartItem <- items.findById(itemId).map(_._map(_.cart(quantity)))
        } yield maybeCartItem
      }
    .map { items =>
      CartTotal(items, items.foldMap(_._subTotal)(moneyMonoid))
    }
  }

```

A semigroup is any set A with an associative operation (combine).  
 trait Semigroup[@sp(Int, Long, Float, Double) A] extends Any with Serializable {

A monoid is a semigroup with an identity. A monoid is a specialization of a semigroup, so its operation must be associative. Additionally, combine(x, empty) == combine(empty, x) == x. For example, if we have Monoid[String], with combine as string concatenation, then empty = "".

trait Monoid[@sp(Int, Long, Float, Double) A] extends Any with Semigroup[A] {

List[CartItem] => (CartItem => Money) => Monoid[Money] => Money

```

implicit val moneyMonoid: Monoid[Money] =
  new Monoid[Money] {
    override def empty: Money = USD(0)
    override def combine(x: Money, y: Money): Money = x + y
  }

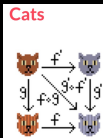
```



```

trait Foldable[F[_]] extends UnorderedFoldable[F] with FoldableNFunctions[F] {
  ...
  Fold implemented by mapping A values into B and then combining them using the given Monoid[B] instance.
  def foldMap[A, B](fa: F[A])(f: A => B)(implicit B: Monoid[B]): B =
    foldLeft(fa, B.empty)((b, a) => B.combine(b, f(a)))

```



```

case class CartItem(item: Item, quantity: Quantity) {
  def subTotal: Money = USD(item.price.amount * quantity.value)
}

```